## A CARLAT PSYCHIATRY REFERENCE TABLE

Affective, Behavioral, and Cognitive Features of HIV-Associated Dementia	
Affective features	<ul><li> Apathy</li><li> Dysphoria</li><li> Psychosis in severe cases</li></ul>
Behavioral manifestations	<ul><li>Agitation</li><li>Insomnia</li><li>Lethargy</li><li>Social withdrawal</li></ul>
Cognitive features	<ul> <li>Concentration difficulties</li> <li>Inability to complete multistep activities</li> <li>Poor attention span</li> <li>Short-term memory impairment</li> <li>Visuo-spatial impairment</li> <li>Word-finding difficulties</li> </ul>
Neurological findings	Disturbances in smooth-pursuit eye movements     Frontal-release signs (primitive reflexes, such as palmar grasp, that are seen in disorders affecting the frontal lobes)     Hyperreflexia     Incoordination     Weakness (worse in the lower limbs)

From the Clinical Update:

"Management of Depression and Neurocognitive Impairment in Patients
With HIV"

with Garrett Rossi, MD

The Carlat Hospital Psychiatry Report, Volume 3. Number 3, Jan/Feb/Mar 2023 www.thecarlatreport.com