

Interventions Following Sexual Activity on the Inpatient Unit

Intervention	Notes
Pregnancy test Serum STI screening: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HIV • Hepatitis panel • Syphilis • Gonorrhea/chlamydia • Trichomoniasis 	A repeat pregnancy test will need to be obtained two weeks following the sexual encounter If initial test results are negative but infection cannot be ruled out, repeat syphilis test at four to six weeks and at three months; repeat HIV test at six weeks and at three and six months
Postexposure prophylaxis for HIV within 72 hours	Consult with the medicine team for further guidance
HPV vaccination is recommended for females age 9–26 years and males age 9–21 years	
Postexposure hepatitis B vaccination	
Offer emergency contraception: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ulipristal 30 mg: preferred treatment after 72 hours, effective up to 120 hours • Levonorgestrel 1.5 mg single dose, or 0.75 mg then repeated in 12 hours • Copper IUD 	Ulipristal is more effective for overweight or obese women; levonorgestrel may be ineffective in this population
Empiric antibiotic treatment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chlamydia, gonorrhea: ceftriaxone 500 mg IM in a single dose plus doxycycline 100 mg two times/day orally for seven days (for persons weighing over 150 kg, administer 1 g of ceftriaxone) • Trichomoniasis: metronidazole 500 mg orally two times daily for seven days 	

Sources: www.cdc.gov/std/treatment-guidelines/sexual-assault-adults.htm; www.uptodate.com/contents/evaluation-and-management-of-adult-and-adolescent-sexual-assault-victims

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